

Reference Manual

Generated by Doxygen 1.5.6

Sun Nov 21 20:37:30 2010

Contents

Chapter 1

Chart::Base

Basic Class of Chart from which all the other classes are derived.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Chart::Base	??
Chart::Bars	??
Chart::BrushStyles	??
Chart::Points	??
Chart::Composite	??
Chart::Direction	??
Chart::ErrorBars	??
Chart::HorizontalBars	??
Chart::Lines	??
Chart::Mountain	??
Chart::Pareto	??
Chart::Pie	??
Chart::Points	??
Chart::Split	??
Chart::StackedBars	??
Chart::Constants	??

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Chart::Bars (Bars class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::Base (Base class for Chart; all other classes derived from here)	??
Chart::BrushStyles (Define styles for Points and LinesPoints classes)	??
Chart::Composite (Composite class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::Constants (Constants class defines all necessary constants for Class Chart)	??
Chart::Direction (Direction class derived class for Chart to implement direc- tion charts)	??
Chart::ErrorBars (ErrorBars class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::HorizontalBars (Bars class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::Lines (Bars class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::Mountain (Mountain class derived class for Chart to implement moun- tain type of plots)	??
Chart::Pareto (Pareto class derived class for Chart to implement)	??
Chart::Pie (Pie class derived class for Chart to implement pies)	??
Chart::Points (Points class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::Split (Split class derived from class Base)	??
Chart::StackedBars (StackedBars class derived from class Base)	??

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

Chart/Bars.pm (Implementation of Chart::Bars)	??
Chart/Base.pm (Implementation of Chart::Base)	??
Chart/BrushStyles.pm (Chart::BrushStyles)	??
Chart/Composite.pm (Implementation of Chart::Composite)	??
PI)??	
Chart/Direction.pm (Implementation of Chart::Direction)	??
Chart/ErrorBars.pm (Implementation of Chart::ErrorBars)	??
Chart/HorizontalBars.pm (Implementation of Chart::HorizontalBars)	??
Chart/Lines.pm (Implementation of Chart::Lines)	??
Chart/LinesPoints.pm (Implementation of Chart::LinesPoints)	??
Chart/Mountain.pm (Implementation of Chart::Mountain)	??
Chart/Pareto.pm (Implementation of Chart::Pareto)	??
Chart/Pie.pm (Implementation of Chart::Pie)	??
Chart/Points.pm (Implementation of Chart::Points)	??
Chart/Split.pm (Implementation of Chart::Split)	??
Chart/StackedBars.pm (Implementation of Chart::StackedBars)	??

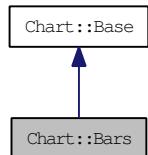
Chapter 5

Class Documentation

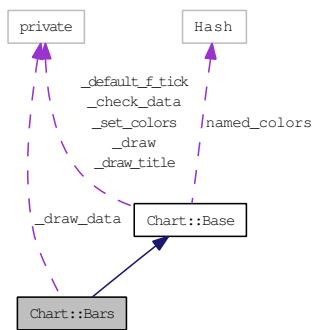
5.1 Chart::Bars Class Reference

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Bars:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Bars:



Private Functions

- private [_draw_data](#)
finally get around to plotting the data for (vertical) bars

5.1.1 Detailed Description

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to vertical bars

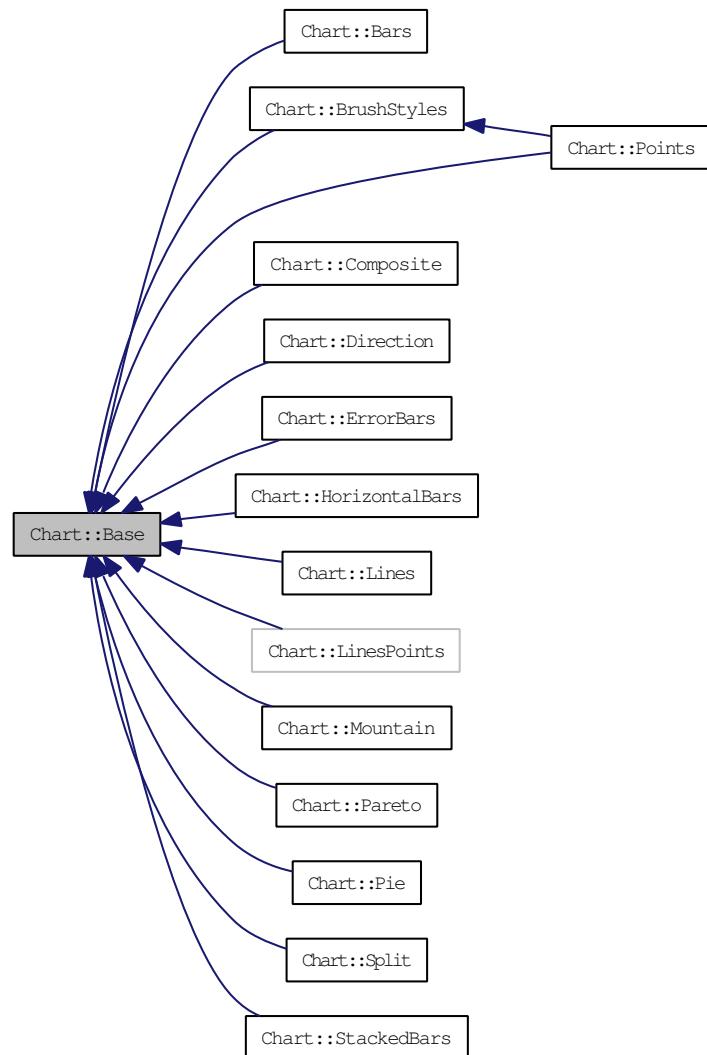
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Bars.pm](#)

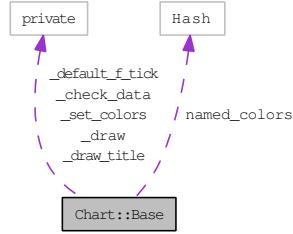
5.2 Chart::Base Class Reference

[Base](#) class for Chart; all other classes derived from here.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Base:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Base:



Private Functions

- `private int _check_data`
Check the internal data to be displayed.
- `private int _draw`
Plot the chart to the gd object
Calls:..
- `private int _set_colors`
specify my colors
- `private int _draw_title`
draw the title for the chart
- `private int _default_f_tick`
default tick conversion function This function is pointed to be \$self->{f_x_tick} resp.
- `private int _init (scalar x, scalar y)`
Initialize all default options here.
- `private int _copy_data (scalar extern_ref)`
Copy external data via a reference to internal memory.
- `private int _color_role_to_index (\list list_of_roles)`
- `private array _color_spec_to_rgb (scalar role, scalar spec)`
Return an array (list of) rgb values for spec.
- `private int _draw_sub_title ()`
draw the sub-title for the chart
- `private int _sort_data ()`
sort the data nicely (mostly for the pareto charts and xy-plots)
- `private int _find_x_scale ()`

For a xy-plot do the same for the x values, as '_find_y_scale' does for the y values!

- `private int _find_y_scale ()`
find good values for the minimum and maximum y-value on the chart
- `private _calcTickInterval (scalar dataset_min, scalar dataset_max, scalar flag_fixed_min, scalar flag_fixed_max, scalar minTicks, scalar maxTicks)`
Calculate the Interval between ticks in y direction.
- `private int _calcXTickInterval (scalar min, scalar max, scalar minF, scalar maxF, scalar minTicks, scalar maxTicks)`
Calculate the Interval between ticks in x direction.
- `private int _countTicks (scalar min, scalar max, scalar interval)`
Works out how many ticks would be displayed at that interval.
- `private int _round2Tick (scalar input, scalar interval, scalar roundUP)`
Rounds up or down to the next tick of interval size.
- `private array _sepFP (scalar num)`
Separates a number into it's base 10 floating point exponent & mantisa.
- `private array _find_y_range ()`
Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.
- `private array _find_x_range ()`
Find minimum and maximum value of x data sets.
- `private int _plot ()`
main sub that controls all the plotting of the actual chart
- `private int _draw_legend ()`
let the user know what all the pretty colors mean.
- `private int _draw_bottom_legend ()`
put the legend on the bottom of the chart
- `private int _draw_right_legend ()`
put the legend on the right of the chart
- `private int _draw_top_legend ()`
put the legend on top of the chart
- `private int _draw_left_legend ()`
put the legend on the left of the chart

- `private int _draw_none_legend ()`
no legend to draw.
- `private int _draw_x_label ()`
draw the label for the x-axis
- `private int _draw_y_label ()`
draw the label for the y-axis
- `private int _draw_ticks ()`
draw the ticks and tick labels
- `private int _draw_x_number_ticks ()`
draw the ticks and tick labels
- `private int _draw_x_ticks ()`
draw the x-ticks and their labels
- `private int _draw_y_ticks ()`
draw the y-ticks and their labels
- `private int _grey_background ()`
put a grey background on the plot of the data itself
- `private int _draw_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines
- `private int _draw_x_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines for x
- `private int _draw_y_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines for y
- `private int _draw_y2_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines for y
- `private int _prepare_brush (scalar color, scalar type, scalar typeStyle)`
draw grid_lines for y

Public Class Methods

- `object new ()`
*Standard normal constructor.
Calls.*

Public Object Methods

- int **set** (hash opts)
Set all options.
- hash **getopts** ()
get all options
- int **add_pt** (list data)
Graph API
Add one dataset (as a list) to the dataref.
- **add_pt** (\list data)
Graph API
Add one dataset (as a reference to a list) to the dataref via.
- retval **add_pt** ()
- int **add_dataset** (list data)
Graph API
Add many datasets (implemented as a list) to the dataref.
- int **add_dataset** (\list data)
Graph API
Add many datasets (implemented as a references to a list) to the dataref.

Public Functions

- int **add_datafile** (scalar filename, scalar format)
Graph API
it's also possible to add a complete datafile
Uses.
- int **clear_data** ()
Clear Graph API (by undefining 'dataref'.
- arrayref **get_data** ()
Get array of data of the last graph.
- int **png** (scalar file, scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in png format.
- int **cgi_png** (scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in png format to be directly written for CGI.
- int **scalar_png** (scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in png format to be directly written for CGI.

- int **jpeg** (scalar file, scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly.
- int **cgi_jpeg** (scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly for CGI.
- int **scalar_jpeg** (scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly.
- int **make_gd** (scalar dataref)
Produce the graph of options set in GD format to be directly.
- **imagemap_dump** ()
get the information to turn the chart into an imagemap
- **minimum** (list array)
determine minimum of an array of values
- **maximum** (list array)
determine maximum of an array of values
- **arccos** (scalar a)
Function arccos(a).
- **arcsin** (scalar a)
Function arcsin(a).
- **true** (scalar b)
determine true value of argument
- **false** (scalar b)
determine false value of argument

Public Attributes

- Hash **named_colors**
RGB values of named colors.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Base class for Chart; all other classes derived from here.

Base class from which all other classes are derived. This class provides all functions which are common for all classes

5.2.2 Member Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 object Chart::Base::new ()

Standard normal constructor.

Calls.

Returns:

A new object.

See also:

[_init](#)

5.2.2.2 int Chart::Base::set (hash *opts*)

Set all options.

Parameters:

← *%opts* Hash of options to the Chart

Returns:

ok or croak

main method for customizing the chart, lets users specify values for different parameters

The options are saved locally to be able to output them via

See also:

[getopts\(\)](#)

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#), and [Chart::Direction](#).

5.2.2.3 hash Chart::Base::getopts ()

get all options

Returns:

hash of all set options so far

Return the set options as a hash

5.2.2.4 int Chart::Base::add_pt (list *data*)

Graph API

Add one dataset (as a list) to the dataref.

Parameters:

@data Dataset to add

5.2.2.5 Chart::Base::add_pt (\list *data*)

Graph API

Add one dataset (as a reference to a list) to the dataref via.

```
for ( 0 .. $data )
{
    push  $self->{'dataref'}->[$_] , $data[$_];
}
```

Parameters:

\i@data Dataset to add

5.2.2.6 int Chart::Base::add_dataset (list *data*)

Graph API

Add many datasets (implemented as a list) to the dataref,.

Parameters:

@data Dataset (list) to add

Reimplemented in [Chart::Direction](#).

5.2.2.7 int Chart::Base::add_dataset (\list *data*)

Graph API

Add many datasets (implemented as a references to a list) to the dataref,.

Parameters:

\i@data Dataset (reference to a list) to add

5.2.2.8 int Chart::Base::add_datafile (scalar *filename*, scalar *format*)

Graph API

it's also possible to add a complete datafile

Uses.

See also:

[add_pt](#)
[add_dataset](#)

Parameters:

← *\$filename* Name of file which contents is to be added
← *\$format* 'pt' or 'set' to distiguish between function `add_pt()` in case of 'pt' or
function [add_dataset\(\)](#) in case of 'set'

5.2.2.9 int Chart::Base::clear_data ()

Clear Graph API (by undefining 'dataref').

Returns:

Status of function

5.2.2.10 arrayref Chart::Base::get_data ()

Get array of data of the last graph.

Returns:

Reference to data set of the last graph

5.2.2.11 int Chart::Base::png (scalar *file*, scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in png format.

called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually
draw the chart and plot the data

See also:

[_set_colors](#)
[_copy_data](#)
[_check_data](#)
[_draw](#)

Parameters:

← *\$file* Name of file to write graph to
← *\$dataref* Reference to external data space

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.12 int Chart::Base::cgi_png (scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in png format to be directly written for CGI.
called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$dataref

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.13 int Chart::Base::scalar_png (scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in png format to be directly written for CGI.
Called after the options are set,
this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$dataref Reference to the data to be plotted

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.14 int Chart::Base::jpeg (scalar *file*, scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly.
called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$file Name of file to write graph into

\$dataref

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.15 int Chart::Base::cgi_jpeg (scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly for CGI.

called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$dataref

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.16 int Chart::Base::scalar_jpeg (scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in JPG format to be directly.

called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$dataref

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.17 int Chart::Base::make_gd (scalar *dataref*)

Produce the graph of options set in GD format to be directly.

called after the options are set, this method invokes all my private methods to actually draw the chart and plot the data

Parameters:

\$dataref

Returns:

Status of the plot

5.2.2.18 Chart::Base::imagemap_dump ()

get the information to turn the chart into an imagemap

Returns:

Reference to an array of the image

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.19 Chart::Base::minimum (list *array*)

determine minimum of an array of values

Parameters:

@array List of numerical values

Returns:

Minimal value of list of values

5.2.2.20 Chart::Base::maximum (list *array*)

determine maximum of an array of values

Parameters:

@array List of numerical values

Returns:

Maximal value of list of values

5.2.2.21 Chart::Base::arccos (scalar *a*)

Function arccos(a).

Parameters:

\$a Value

Returns:

arccos(a)

5.2.2.22 Chart::Base::arcsin (scalar *a*)

Function arcsin(a).

Parameters:

\$a Value

Returns:

arcsin(a)

5.2.2.23 Chart::Base::true (scalar *b*)

determine true value of argument

Parameters:

← *\$b* Bool value to check for true

Returns:

1 if argument is equal to TRUE, true, 1, t, T, and defined

5.2.2.24 Chart::Base::false (scalar *b*)

determine false value of argument

Parameters:

← *\$b* Bool value to check for true

Returns:

1 if argument is equal to false, FALSE, 0, f, F or undefined

5.2.2.25 private int Chart::Base::_init (scalar *x*, scalar *y*)

Initialize all default options here.

Parameters:

← *\$x* Width of the final image in pixels (Default: 400)

← *\$y* Height of the final image in pixels (Default: 300)

5.2.2.26 private int Chart::Base::_copy_data (scalar *extern_ref*)

Copy external data via a reference to internal memory.

Remember the external reference.

Therefore, this function can only be called once!

Parameters:

\$extern_ref Reference to external data space

5.2.2.27 private int Chart::Base::_color_role_to_index (\list *list_of_roles*)**Parameters:**

\@*list_of_roles* List of roles

Returns:

a (list of) color index(es) corresponding to the (list of) role(s) in @_.

5.2.2.28 private array Chart::Base::_color_spec_to_rgb (scalar *role*, scalar *spec*)

Return an array (list of) rgb values for spec.

Parameters:

← *\$role* name of a role
← *\$spec* [r,g,b] or name

Returns:

array of rgb values as a list (i.e., @rgb)

5.2.2.29 private int Chart::Base::_draw_sub_title ()

draw the sub-title for the chart

See also:

[_draw_title](#)

[_draw_sub_title\(\)](#) is more or less obsolete as [_draw_title\(\)](#) does the same by writing more than one line as the title. Both use decreased width and height of the font by one.

Returns:

status

5.2.2.30 private int Chart::Base::_sort_data ()

sort the data nicely (mostly for the pareto charts and xy-plots)

Returns:

status

5.2.2.31 private int Chart::Base::_find_x_scale ()

For a xy-plot do the same for the x values, as '_find_y_scale' does for the y values!

See also:

[_find_y_scale](#)

Returns:

status

5.2.2.32 private int Chart::Base::_find_y_scale ()

find good values for the minimum and maximum y-value on the chart

Returns:

status

New version, re-written by David Pottage of Tao Group.

This code is *AS IS* and comes with *NO WARRANTY*

This Sub calculates correct values for the following class local variables, if they have not been set by the user.

max_val, min_val: The maximum and minimum values for the y axis.

y_ticks: The number of ticks to plot on the y scale, including the end points. e.g. If the scale runs from 0 to 50, with ticks every 10, y_ticks will have the value of 6.

y_tick_labels: An array of strings, each is a label for the y axis.

y_tick_labels_length: The length to allow for B tick labels. (How long is the longest?)

Reimplemented in [Chart::Direction](#), and [Chart::HorizontalBars](#).

5.2.2.33 private Chart::Base::_calcTickInterval (scalar dataset_min, scalar dataset_max, scalar flag_fixed_min, scalar flag_fixed_max, scalar minTicks, scalar maxTicks)

Calculate the Interval between ticks in y direction.

Calculate the Interval between ticks in y direction and compare the number of ticks to the user's given values min_y_ticks, max_y_ticks.

Parameters:

- ← **\$dataset_min** Minimal value in y direction
- ← **\$dataset_max** Maximal value in y direction
- ← **\$flag_fixed_min** Indicator whether the dataset_min value is fixed
- ← **\$flag_fixed_max** Indicator whether the dataset_max value is fixed
- ← **\$minTicks** Minimal number of ticks wanted
- ← **\$maxTicks** Maximal number of ticks wanted

Returns:

Array of (\$tickInterval, \$TickCount, \$pMin, \$pMax)

Reimplemented in [Chart::Direction](#).

5.2.2.34 private int Chart::Base::_calcXTickInterval (scalar *min*, scalar *max*, scalar *minF*, scalar *maxF*, scalar *minTicks*, scalar *maxTicks*)

Calculate the Interval between ticks in x direction.

Calculate the Interval between ticks in x direction and compare the number of ticks to the user's given values minTicks, maxTicks.

Parameters:

- ← **\$min** Minimal value of dataset in x direction
- ← **\$max** Maximal value of dataset in x direction
- ← **\$minF** Inddicator if those min value is fixed
- ← **\$maxF** Inddicator if those max value is fixed
- ← **\$minTicks** Minimal number of tick in x direction
- ← **\$maxTicks** Maximal number of tick in x direction

Returns:

\$tickInterval, \$TickCount, \$pMin, \$pMax

5.2.2.35 private int Chart::Base::_countTicks (scalar *min*, scalar *max*, scalar *interval*)

Works out how many ticks would be displayed at that interval.

Parameters:

\$min Minimal value

\$max Maximal value

\$interval value

Returns:

(\$TickCount, \$minR, \$maxR)

e.g min=2, max=5, interval=1, result is 4 ticks.

written by David Pottage of Tao Group.

```
$minR = $self->_round2Tick( $min, $interval, -1);
```

```
$maxR = $self->_round2Tick( $max, $interval, 1);
```

```
$TickCount = ( $maxR/$interval ) - ( $minR/$interval ) +1;
```

5.2.2.36 private int Chart::Base::_round2Tick (scalar *input*, scalar *interval*, scalar *roundUP*)

Rounds up or down to the next tick of interval size.

\$roundUP can be +1 or -1 to indicate if rounding should be up or down.

written by David Pottage of Tao Group.

Parameters:

\$input

\$interval

\$roundUP

Returns:

retN*interval

5.2.2.37 private array Chart::Base::_sepFP (scalar *num*)

Separates a number into it's base 10 floating point exponent & mantisa.

written by David Pottage of Tao Group.

Parameters:

\$num Floating point number

Returns:

(exponent, mantissa)

5.2.2.38 private array Chart::Base::_find_y_range ()

Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

Returns:

(min, max, flag_all_integers)

Reimplemented in [Chart::Direction](#), [Chart::ErrorBars](#), and [Chart::Mountain](#).

5.2.2.39 private array Chart::Base::_find_x_range ()

Find minimum and maximum value of x data sets.

Returns:

(min, max)

5.2.2.40 private int Chart::Base::_plot ()

main sub that controls all the plotting of the actual chart

Returns:

status

5.2.2.41 private int Chart::Base::_draw_legend ()

let the user know what all the pretty colors mean.

The user define the position of the legend by setting option 'legend' to 'top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right' or 'none'. The legend is positioned at the defined place, respectively.

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#), [Chart::Direction](#), and [Chart::ErrorBars](#).

5.2.2.42 private int Chart::Base::_draw_bottom_legend ()

put the legend on the bottom of the chart

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.43 private int Chart::Base::_draw_right_legend ()

put the legend on the right of the chart

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.44 private int Chart::Base::_draw_top_legend ()

put the legend on top of the chart

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.45 private int Chart::Base::_draw_left_legend ()

put the legend on the left of the chart

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.46 private int Chart::Base::_draw_none_legend ()

no legend to draw.

Just return in this case. This routine may be overwritten by subclasses.

Returns:

1

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.47 private int Chart::Base::_draw_x_label ()

draw the label for the x-axis

Get font for labels

Get the color of x_label or text

Get size of font
and write x-Label

Returns:

status

5.2.2.48 private int Chart::Base::_draw_y_label ()

draw the label for the y-axis

Returns:

status

5.2.2.49 private int Chart::Base::_draw_ticks ()

draw the ticks and tick labels

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.50 private int Chart::Base::_draw_x_number_ticks ()

draw the ticks and tick labels

Returns:

status

5.2.2.51 private int Chart::Base::_draw_x_ticks ()

draw the x-ticks and their labels

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#), [Chart::Direction](#), [Chart::HorizontalBars](#), and [Chart::HorizontalBars](#).

5.2.2.52 private int Chart::Base::_draw_y_ticks ()

draw the y-ticks and their labels

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#), [Chart::Direction](#), and [Chart::HorizontalBars](#).

5.2.2.53 private int Chart::Base::_grey_background ()

put a grey background on the plot of the data itself

Returns:

status

5.2.2.54 private int Chart::Base::_draw_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines

Returns:

status

5.2.2.55 private int Chart::Base::_draw_x_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines for x

Returns:

status

5.2.2.56 private int Chart::Base::_draw_y_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines for y

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.57 private int Chart::Base::_draw_y2_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines for y

Returns:

status

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#).

5.2.2.58 private int Chart::Base::_prepare_brush (scalar color, scalar type, scalar typeStyle)

draw grid_lines for y

set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines & points of interesting shapes Needed by "Lines", "Points" and "LinesPoints" All hacked up by Richard Dice <rdice@pobox.com> Sunday 16 May 1999

Parameters:

\$color

\$type 'line','point'

\$typeStyle one of 'circle', 'donut', 'triangle', 'upsidedownTriangle', 'square', 'hollowSquare', 'fatPlus'

Returns:

status

5.2.3 Member Data Documentation

5.2.3.1 Hash Chart::Base::named_colors

RGB values of named colors.

see URL http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_colors#X11_color_names

5.2.3.2 private int Chart::Base::_check_data

Check the internal data to be displayed.

Make sure the data isn't really weird and collect some basic info about it

Not logical data is 'carped'.

Returns:

status of check

Reimplemented in [Chart::Composite](#), and [Chart::StackedBars](#).

5.2.3.3 private int Chart::Base::_draw

Plot the chart to the gd object

Calls:..

See also:

[_draw_title](#)
[_draw_sub_title](#)
[_sort_data](#)
[_plot](#)

Returns:

status

5.2.3.4 private int Chart::Base::_set_colors

specify my colors

Returns:

status

5.2.3.5 private int Chart::Base::_draw_title

draw the title for the chart

The title was defined by the user in set('title' =>)

The user may define some title lines by separating them via character '\n';

The used font is taken from 'title_font';

The used color is calculated by function '_color_role_to_index' based on 'title' or 'text'

See also:

[_color_role_to_index](#)

Returns:

status

5.2.3.6 private int Chart::Base::_default_f_tick

default tick conversion function This function is pointed to be \$self->{f_x_tick} resp.
\$self->{f_y_tick} if the user does not provide another function

Returns:

status

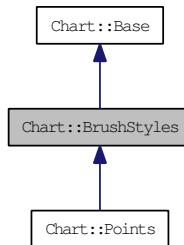
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Base.pm](#)

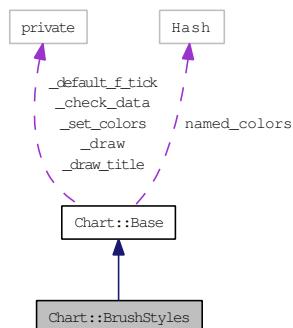
5.3 Chart::BrushStyles Class Reference

Define styles for [Points](#) and [LinesPoints](#) classes.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::BrushStyles:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::BrushStyles:



Public Functions

- [OpenCircle](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a circle of the size \$radius.

- [FilledCircle](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a point of the size \$radius.

- [Star](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a star of the size \$radius.

- [FilledDiamond](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a filled diamond of the size \$radius.

- [OpenDiamond](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a diamond of the size \$radius-1.

- [OpenRectangle](#)

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a rectangle of the height \$radius-1 and width of \$radius/2.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Define styles for [Points](#) and [LinesPoints](#) classes.

This class provides functions which define different brush styles to extend the previous point as the only design for [Points.pm](#) or [LinesPoints.pm](#)

The different brush styles are:

See also:

[OpenCircle](#)
[FilledCircle](#)
[Star](#)
[OpenDiamond](#)
[FilledDiamond](#)
[OpenRectangle](#)
[FilledRectangle](#)

5.3.2 Member Data Documentation

5.3.2.1 Chart::BrushStyles::OpenCircle

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a circle of the size \$radius.

Parameters:

← ***GD::Image** \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image
 ← **int** \$radius Radius of the point in pixels
 ← **int** \$color Color of the not filled point

Called by

```
use Chart::BrushStyles;
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);
$self->OpenCircle(\$rbrush,$radius, $newcolor);
to plot the GD::Image representing an open circle as the point
```

5.3.2.2 Chart::BrushStyles::FilledCircle

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a point of the size \$radius.

Parameters:

← **GD::Image* \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image
← *int* \$radius Radius of the point in pixels
← *int* \$color Color of the filled point

Returns:

nothing

Called by

```
use Chart::BrushStyles;  
  
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);  
  
$self->FilledCircle(\$rbrush,$radius, $color);  
  
to plot the GD::Image representing a filled circle as the point
```

5.3.2.3 Chart::BrushStyles::Star

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a star of the size \$radius.

Parameters:

← **GD::Image* \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image
← *int* \$radius Radius of the star in pixels
← *int* \$color Color of the star

Returns:

nothing

Called by

```
use Chart::BrushStyles;  
  
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);  
  
$self->Star(\$rbrush,$radius, $color);  
  
to get back an GD::Image representing a star as the point
```

5.3.2.4 Chart::BrushStyles::FilledDiamond

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a filled diamond of the size \$radius.

Parameters:

← **GD::Image* \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image
 ← *int* \$radius Radius of the diamond in pixels
 ← *int* \$color Color of the filled diamond

Returns:

nothing

Called by

```
use Chart::BrushStyles;
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);
$self->FilledDiamond(\$rbrush,$radius, $color);
to get back an GD::Image representing a filled diamond as the point
```

5.3.2.5 Chart::BrushStyles::OpenDiamond

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a diamond of the size \$radius-1.

Parameters:

← **GD::Image* \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image
 ← *int* \$radius Radius of the diamond in pixels
 ← *int* \$color Color of the diamond

Returns:

nothing

Called by

```
use Chart::BrushStyles;
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);
$self->OpenDiamond(\$rbrush,$radius, $color);
to get back an GD::Image representing a diamond as the point
```

5.3.2.6 Chart::BrushStyles::OpenRectangle

Set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed object representing a rectangle of the height \$radius-1 and width of \$radius/2.

Parameters:

← **GD::Image* \$rbrush Reference to GD::Image

← *int* \$radius Radius of the rectangle in pixels
← *int* \$color Color of the rectangle

Returns:

nothing

Called by

use [Chart::BrushStyles](#);

```
@Chart::Points::ISA = qw(Chart::BrushStyles);
$self->OpenDiamond(\$rbrush,$radius, $color);
```

to get back an GD::Image representing a rectangle as the point

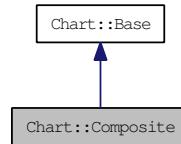
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Chart/BrushStyles.pm](#)

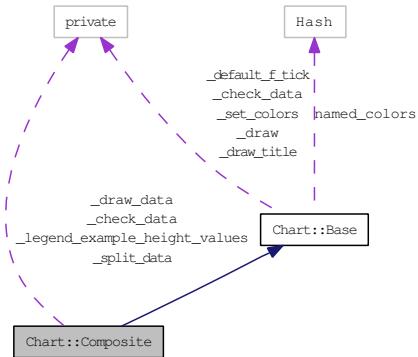
5.4 Chart::Composite Class Reference

[Composite](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Composite:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Composite:



Private Functions

- `private int _check_data`
Overwrite _check_data of [Chart::Base](#) and check the internal data to be displayed.
- `private _split_data`
split data to the composited classes
- `private _draw_data`
finally get around to plotting the data for composite chart
- `private _legend_example_height_values`
init the legend_example_height_values
- `private int _draw_legend ()`
let the user know what all the pretty colors mean
- `private int _draw_top_legend ()`
put the legend on the top of the data plot

- `private int _draw_right_legend ()`
put the legend on the right of the chart
- `private int _draw_left_legend ()`
draw the legend at the left of the data plot
- `private int _draw_bottom_legend ()`
put the legend on the bottom of the chart
- `private int _draw_none_legend ()`
no legend to draw.
- `private int _draw_ticks ()`
draw the ticks and tick labels
- `private int _draw_x_ticks ()`
draw the x-ticks and their labels
- `private int _draw_y_ticks ()`
draw the y-ticks and their labels
- `private _sub_update ()`
update all the necessary information in the sub-objects
- `private _boundary_update ()`
copy the current gd_obj boundaries from one object to another
- `private int _draw_y_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines for y
- `private int _draw_y2_grid_lines ()`
draw grid_lines for y

Public Object Methods

- `int set (hash opts)`
Set all options.

Public Functions

- `imagemap_dump ()`
Overwrite function imagemap_dump of base class.

Protected Functions

- protected retval `__print_array ()`

5.4.1 Detailed Description

[Composite](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to composite charts

5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 int Chart::Composite::set (hash *opts*)

Set all options.

Parameters:

← *%opts* Hash of options to the Chart

Returns:

ok or croak

Overwrite the set function of class [Base](#) to pass options to the sub-objects later

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.2 Chart::Composite::imagemap_dump ()

Overwrite function imagemap_dump of base class.

Get the information to turn the chart into an imagemap had to override it to reassemble the @data array correctly

Returns:

Reference to an array of the image

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.3 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_legend ()

let the user know what all the pretty colors mean

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.4 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_top_legend ()

put the legend on the top of the data plot

Overwrite the base class _draw_top_legend

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.5 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_right_legend ()

put the legend on the right of the chart

Overwrite the base class _draw_right_legend

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.6 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_left_legend ()

draw the legend at the left of the data plot

Overwrite the base class _draw_left_legend

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.7 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_bottom_legend ()

put the legend on the bottom of the chart

Overwrite the base class _draw_bottom_legend

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.8 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_none_legend ()

no legend to draw.

. just update the color tables for subs

This routine overwrites this function of the [Base](#) class

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.9 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_ticks ()

draw the ticks and tick labels

Overwrites function [_draw_ticks\(\)](#) of base class

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.10 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_x_ticks ()

draw the x-ticks and their labels

Overwrites function [_draw_x_ticks\(\)](#) of base class

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.11 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_y_ticks ()

draw the y-ticks and their labels

Overwrites function [_draw_y_ticks\(\)](#) of base class

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.12 private Chart::Composite::_sub_update ()

update all the necessary information in the sub-objects

Only for [Chart::Composite](#)

5.4.2.13 private Chart::Composite::_boundary_update ()

copy the current gd_obj boundaries from one object to another

Only for [Chart::Composite](#)

5.4.2.14 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_y_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines for y

Overwrites this function of [Base](#)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.2.15 private int Chart::Composite::_draw_y2_grid_lines ()

draw grid_lines for y

Overwrites this function of [Base](#)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.3 Member Data Documentation

5.4.3.1 private int Chart::Composite::_check_data

Overwrite _check_data of [Chart::Base](#) and check the internal data to be displayed.

Make sure the data isn't really weird and collect some basic info about it

Returns:

status of check

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.4.3.2 private Chart::Composite::_split_data

split data to the composited classes

create sub-objects for each type, store the appropriate data sets in each one, and stick the correct values into them (ie. 'gd_obj');

5.4.3.3 private Chart::Composite::_legend_example_height_values

init the legend_example_height_values

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Composite.pm](#)

5.5 Chart::Constants Class Reference

[Constants](#) class defines all necessary constants for Class Chart.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

[Constants](#) class defines all necessary constants for Class Chart.

Defined are

PI = 3.141...

Usage:

```
use Chart::Constants; ...
```

```
My $pi = Chart::Constants::PI;
```

...

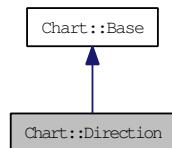
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Chart/Constants.pm](#)

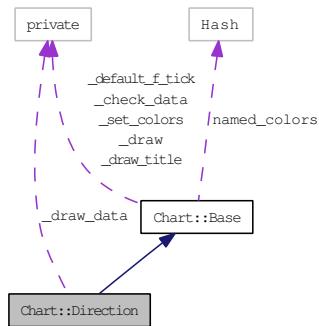
5.6 Chart::Direction Class Reference

[Direction](#) class derived class for Chart to implement direction charts.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Direction:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Direction:



Private Functions

- private draw_data
finally get around to plotting the data for direction charts
 - private int find_y_scale ()
we use the find_y_scale method to determine the labels of the circles and the amount of them
 - private calcTickInterval (scalar dataset_min, scalar dataset_max, scalar flag_fixed_min, scalar flag_fixed_max, scalar minTicks, scalar maxTicks)
Calculates the ticks for direction in normalised units.
 - private int draw_y_ticks ()
draw the circles and the axes
 - private int draw_x_ticks ()
We don't need x ticks, it's all done in draw_y_ticks.
 - private int prepare_brush (scalar color, scalar type)

set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines

- `private int _draw_legend ()`
let them know what all the pretty colors mean
- `private array _find_y_range ()`
Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

Public Object Methods

Todo

calculate the width of the labels

- `int set (hash opts)`
Set all options.
- `int add_dataset (list data)`
Add many datasets to the dataref.

Protected Object Methods

- `protected retval _calcTickInterval ()`

5.6.1 Detailed Description

`Direction` class derived class for Chart to implement direction charts.

5.6.2 Member Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 int Chart::Direction::set (hash *opts*)

Set all options.

Parameters:

$\leftarrow \%opts$ Hash of options to the Chart

Returns:

ok or croak

main method for customizing the chart, lets users specify values for different parameters

don't check the number of points in the added datasets in a polarplot

overwrite [Base](#) method

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.2 int [Chart::Direction::add_dataset](#) (list *data*)

Add many datasets to the dataref.

Graph API

Overwrite [Base](#) method

Parameters:

@data Dataset to add

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.3 private int [Chart::Direction::_find_y_scale](#) ()

we use the `_find_y_scale` methode to determine the labels of the circles and the amount of them

Returns:

status

This function is an overwrite to the same function found in the base class [Chart::Base](#)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.4 private [Chart::Direction::_calcTickInterval](#) (scalar *dataset_min*, scalar *dataset_max*, scalar *flag_fixed_min*, scalar *flag_fixed_max*, scalar *minTicks*, scalar *maxTicks*)

Calculates the ticks for direction in normalised units.

Calculate the Interval between ticks in y direction and compare the number of ticks to the user given values `min_y_ticks`, `max_y_ticks`

Parameters:

- ← *\$dataset_min* Minimal value in y direction
- ← *\$dataset_max* Maximal value in y direction
- ← *\$flag_fixed_min* Indicator whether the `dataset_min` value is fixed
- ← *\$flag_fixed_max* Indicator whether the `dataset_max` value is fixed
- ← *\$minTicks* Minimal number of ticks wanted
- ← *\$maxTicks* Maximal number of ticks wanted

Returns:

\$tickInterval, \$tickCount, \$pMin, \$pMax

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.5 private int Chart::Direction::_draw_y_ticks ()

draw the circles and the axes

Overwrites [_draw_y_ticks\(\)](#) of [Base](#) class

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.6 private int Chart::Direction::_draw_x_ticks ()

We don't need x ticks, it's all done in [_draw_y_ticks](#).

Returns:

status

Overwrites the corresponding function in [Base](#)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.7 private int Chart::Direction::_prepare_brush (scalar *color*, scalar *type*)

set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines

Parameters:

\$color

\$type

Returns:

status

5.6.2.8 private int Chart::Direction::_draw_legend ()

let them know what all the pretty colors mean

Returns:

status

Overwrite corresponding function of [Base](#)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.6.2.9 private array [Chart::Direction::_find_y_range\(\)](#)

Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

Returns:

(min, max, flag_all_integers)

Overwrites corresponding [Base](#) function

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

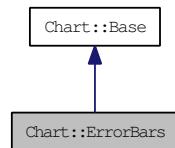
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Chart/Direction.pm](#)

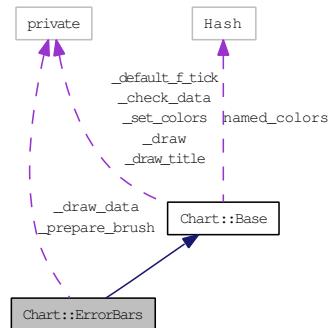
5.7 Chart::ErrorBars Class Reference

ErrorBars class derived from class Base.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::ErrorBars:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::ErrorBars:



Private Functions

- private `_draw_data`
finally get around to plotting the data
- private `_prepare_brush`
set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines
- private int `_draw_legend ()`
let them know what all the pretty colors mean

Protected Object Methods

- protected retval `_find_y_range ()`
Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

[ErrorBars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to pointes having carrying vertical bars which represent errors or standard deviations

5.7.2 Member Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 protected retval [Chart::ErrorBars::_find_y_range\(\)](#)

Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

Returns:

(min, max, flag_all_integers)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.7.2.2 private int [Chart::ErrorBars::_draw_legend\(\)](#)

let them know what all the pretty colors mean

Returns:

status # let them know what all the pretty colors mean

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.7.3 Member Data Documentation

5.7.3.1 private [Chart::ErrorBars::_draw_data](#)

finally get around to plotting the data

Overwrites [Base](#) function

5.7.3.2 private [Chart::ErrorBars::_prepare_brush](#)

set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines

Overwrite [Base](#) function

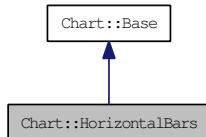
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[ErrorBars.pm](#)

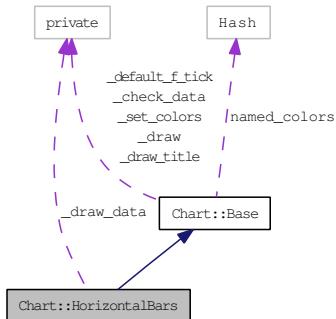
5.8 Chart::HorizontalBars Class Reference

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::HorizontalBars:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::HorizontalBars:



Private Functions

- **private _draw_data**
finally get around to plotting the data for (horizontal) bars
- **private int _draw_x_ticks ()**
draw the x-ticks and their labels
- **private int _draw_y_ticks ()**
draw the y-ticks and their labels Overwrites this function of [Chart::Base](#)
- **private int _find_y_scale ()**
find good values for the minimum and maximum y-value on the chart overwrite the find_y_scale function, only to get the right f_x_ticks !!!!

Protected Object Methods

- **protected retval _draw_x_ticks ()**
draw the x-ticks and their labels Overwrites this function of [Chart::Base](#)

5.8.1 Detailed Description

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to horizontal bars

5.8.2 Member Function Documentation

5.8.2.1 **private int Chart::HorizontalBars::_draw_x_ticks ()**

draw the x-ticks and their labels Overwrites this function of [Chart::Base](#)

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.8.2.2 **private int Chart::HorizontalBars::_draw_y_ticks ()**

draw the y-ticks and their labels

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.8.2.3 **private int Chart::HorizontalBars::_find_y_scale ()**

draw the y-ticks and their labels Overwrites this function of [Chart::Base](#)

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

5.8.2.4 **private int Chart::HorizontalBars::_find_y_scale ()**

find good values for the minimum and maximum y-value on the chart overwrite the `find_y_scale` function, only to get the right `f_x_ticks` !!!!!

Returns:

status

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

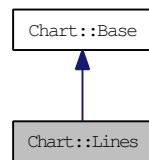
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[HorizontalBars.pm](#)

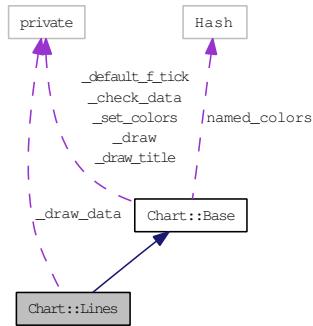
5.9 Chart::Lines Class Reference

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Lines:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Lines:



Private Functions

- private [_draw_data](#)
finally get around to plotting the data for lines
- private int [_prepare_brush](#) (scalar color)
set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines

5.9.1 Detailed Description

[Bars](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to lines

5.9.2 Member Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 private int Chart::Lines::_prepare_brush (scalar color)

set the gdBrush object to trick GD into drawing fat lines

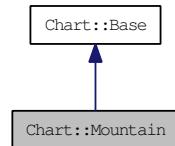
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Lines.pm](#)

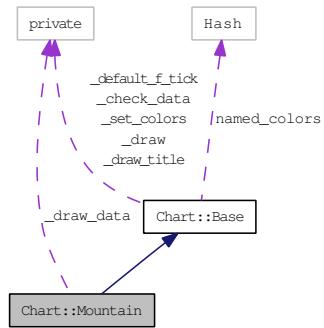
5.10 Chart::Mountain Class Reference

[Mountain](#) class derived class for Chart to implement mountain type of plots.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Mountain:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Mountain:



Private Functions

- private [_draw_data](#)
draw the data
- private array [_find_y_range \(\)](#)
Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

[Mountain](#) class derived class for Chart to implement mountain type of plots.

Some [Mountain](#) chart details:

The effective y data value for a given x point and dataset is the sum of the actual y data values of that dataset and all datasets "below" it (i.e., with higher dataset indexes).

If the y data value in any dataset is undef or negative for a given x, then all datasets are treated as missing for that x.

The y minimum is always forced to zero.

To avoid a dataset area "cutting into" the area of the dataset below it, the y pixel for each dataset point will never be below the y pixel for the same point in the dataset below the dataset.

5.10.2 Member Function Documentation

5.10.2.1 private array Chart::Mountain::_find_y_range()

Find minimum and maximum value of y data sets.

Returns:

(min, max, flag_all_integers)

Reimplemented from [Chart::Base](#).

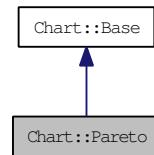
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Mountain.pm](#)

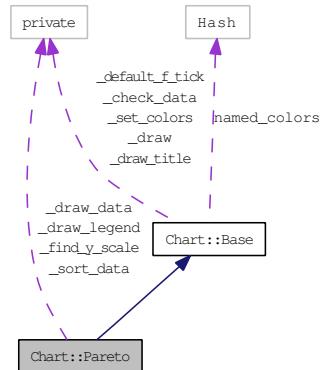
5.11 Chart::Pareto Class Reference

Pareto class derived class for Chart to implement.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Pareto:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Pareto:



Private Functions

- private `_find_y_scale`
calculate the range with the sum dataset1.
- private `_sort_data`
sort the data
- private `_draw_legend`
let them know what all the pretty colors mean
- private `_draw_data`
finally get around to plotting the data

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Pareto class derived class for Chart to implement.

5.11.2 Member Data Documentation

5.11.2.1 private Chart::Pareto::_find_y_scale

calculate the range with the sum dataset1.

all datas has to be positiv

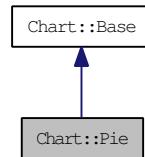
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/Pareto.pm

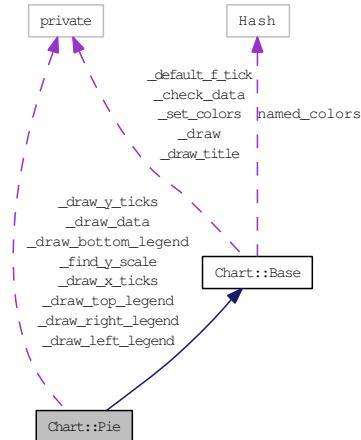
5.12 Chart::Pie Class Reference

[Pie](#) class derived class for Chart to implement pies.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Pie:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Pie:



Private Functions

- private `_draw_data`
finally get around to plotting the data
- private `_draw_right_legend`
Overwrite the legend methods to get the right legend.
- private `_draw_left_legend`
put the legend on the left of the chart
- private `_draw_bottom_legend`
put the legend on the bottom of the chart
- private `_draw_top_legend`
put the legend on top of the chart

- private [_draw_x_ticks](#)

Override the ticks methods for the pie charts.

- private [_draw_y_ticks](#)

Override the ticks methods for the pie charts.

- private [_find_y_scale](#)

Override the find_y_scale methods for the pie charts.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

[Pie](#) class derived class for Chart to implement pies.

5.12.2 Member Data Documentation

5.12.2.1 private Chart::Pie::_draw_data

finally get around to plotting the data

The user may define the kind of labelling the data by setting

'label_values' to 'percent' if she wants to have the percentages

'label_values' to 'values' if she wants to have the absolut values

'label_values' to 'both' if she wants to have absolut values and percentages

'label_values' to 'none' if she wants to have neither absolute values nor percentages

'ring' to a number less then 1 to define a ring as output; if 'ring' is 1 ore greater a full pie is plotted

5.12.2.2 private Chart::Pie::_draw_x_ticks

Override the ticks methods for the pie charts.

Here: do nothing

5.12.2.3 private Chart::Pie::_draw_y_ticks

Override the ticks methods for the pie charts.

5.12.2.4 private Chart::Pie::_find_y_scale

Override the find_y_scale methods for the pie charts.

Here: do nothing

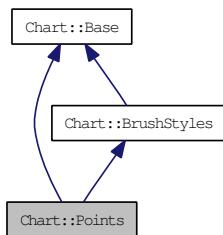
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Pie.pm](#)

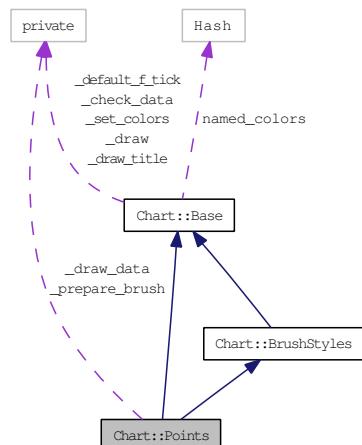
5.13 Chart::Points Class Reference

Points class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Points:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Points:



Private Functions

- private [_draw_data](#)
finally get around to plotting the data
- private [_prepare_brush](#)
set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed Objects.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

Points class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to points

5.13.2 Member Data Documentation

5.13.2.1 private Chart::Points::_prepare_brush

set the gdBrush object to have nice brushed Objects.

These objects are define by the option brushStyle. The size of the objects are defined by option 'pt_size', i.e., the smaller 'pt_size' is defined, the smaller these objects are.

Returns:

(GD::Image,offset)

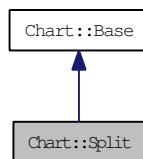
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Points.pm](#)

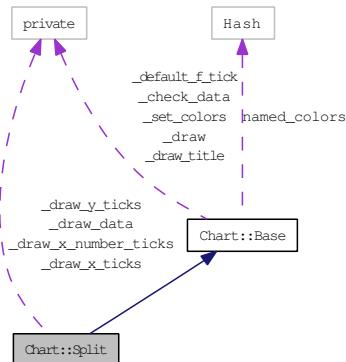
5.14 Chart::Split Class Reference

[Split](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

Inheritance diagram for Chart::Split:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::Split:



Private Functions

- private [_draw_x_number_ticks](#)
draw the ticks
- private [_draw_x_ticks](#)
override the function implemented in base
- private [_draw_y_ticks](#)
override the function implemented in base
- private [_draw_data](#)
plot the data

5.14.1 Detailed Description

[Split](#) class derived from class [Base](#).

This class provides all functions which are specific to splitted plots

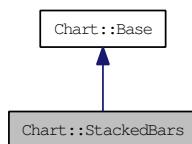
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[Split.pm](#)

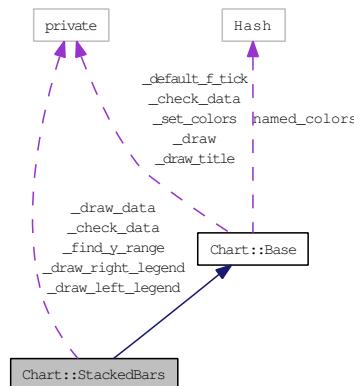
5.15 Chart::StackedBars Class Reference

`StackedBars` class derived from class `Base`.

Inheritance diagram for Chart::StackedBars:



Collaboration diagram for Chart::StackedBars:



Private Functions

- private `_check_data`
override check_data to make sure we don't get datasets with positive and negative values mixed
 - private `_find_y_range`
 - private `_draw_data`
finally get around to plotting the data
 - private `_draw_left_legend`
 - private `draw right legend`

5.15.1 Detailed Description

`StackedBars` class derived from class `Base`

This class provides all functions which are specific to stacked bars.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Chart/[StackedBars.pm](#)

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 Chart/Bars.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Bars](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Bars](#)
Bars class derived from class [Base](#).

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Bars](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.2 Chart/Base.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Base](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Base](#)

Base class for Chart; all other classes derived from here.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Base](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.3 Chart/BrushStyles.pm File Reference

[Chart::BrushStyles](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::BrushStyles](#)
Define styles for [Points](#) and [LinesPoints](#) classes.

6.3.1 Detailed Description

[Chart::BrushStyles](#).

written and maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.4 Chart/Composite.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Composite](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Composite](#)
Composite class derived from class Base.
- class [Chart::Composite](#)
Composite class derived from class Base.

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Composite](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

— History: —

6.5 Chart/Constants.pm File Reference

Constants used in Chart:

PI.

Classes

- class [Chart::Constants](#)

Constants class defines all necessary constants for Class Chart.

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Constants used in Chart:

PI.

written and maintained by

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.6 Chart/Direction.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Direction](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Direction](#)

Direction class derived class for *Chart* to implement direction charts.

- class [Chart::Direction](#)

Direction class derived class for *Chart* to implement direction charts.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Direction](#).

written by

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.7 Chart/ErrorBars.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::ErrorBars](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::ErrorBars](#)
ErrorBars class derived from class [Base](#).
- class [Chart::ErrorBars](#)
ErrorBars class derived from class [Base](#).

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::ErrorBars](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.8 Chart/HorizontalBars.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::HorizontalBars](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::HorizontalBars](#)
Bars class derived from class Base.

6.8.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::HorizontalBars](#).

maintained and written by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.9 Chart/Lines.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Lines](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Lines](#)
Bars class derived from class [Base](#).

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Lines](#).

written by david bonner dbonner@cs.bu.edu

maintained by the Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
Chart@fs.wettzell.de

Author:

Chart Group (Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.10 Chart/LinesPoints.pm File Reference

Implementation of Chart::LinesPoints.

Classes

- class **Chart::LinesPoints**

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of Chart::LinesPoints.

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.11 Chart/Mountain.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Mountain](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Mountain](#)

Mountain class derived class for *Chart* to implement mountain type of plots.

- class [Chart::Mountain](#)

Mountain class derived class for *Chart* to implement mountain type of plots.

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Mountain](#).

written by david bonner dbonner@cs.bu.edu

maintained by

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

Updated for compatibility with changes to [Chart::Base](#) by peter clark
ninjaz@webexpress.com

Copyright 1998, 1999 by James F. Miner. All rights reserved. This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the same terms as Perl itself.

6.12 Chart/Pareto.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Pareto](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Pareto](#)
Pareto class derived class for *Chart* to implement.

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Pareto](#).

written and maintained by

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.13 Chart/Pie.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Pie](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Pie](#)
Pie class derived class for Chart to implement pies.

6.13.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Pie](#).

written and maintained by

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.14 Chart/Points.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Points](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Points](#)
Points class derived from class Base.

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Points](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.15 Chart/Split.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::Split](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::Split](#)
Split class derived from class Base.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::Split](#).

written and maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3

6.16 Chart/StackedBars.pm File Reference

Implementation of [Chart::StackedBars](#).

Classes

- class [Chart::StackedBars](#)
StackedBars class derived from class [Base](#).

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of [Chart::StackedBars](#).

written by

Author:

david bonner (dbonner@cs.bu.edu)

maintained by the

Author:

Chart Group at Geodetic Fundamental Station Wettzell
(Chart@fs.wettzell.de)

Date:

2010-11-01

Version:

2.4.3